

Native Plants that Thrive in NJ

By Irene Wanat Rutgers Master Gardener of Ocean and Monmouth Counties

WHY CHOOSE NATIVE PLANTS?

- They occur naturally in the region in which they have evolved, adapting to local soils, rainfall, climate, insects, and diseases and are, therefore, environmentally and ecologically friendly.
- They will grow with minimal use of water as well as fertilizers and pesticides and are, therefore, environmentally friendly.
- ❖ Native plants attract beneficial wildlife by providing the best source of food such as seeds and berries for all kinds of songbirds and other wildlife.
- ❖ Colorful plants provide nectar and pollen spring, summer and fall for a parade of butterflies, hummingbirds, bees, and other pollinators as well as beneficial insects.
- Native plants also provide nesting places and cover for frogs, dragonflies, birds, and other critters, many of which feed on insects.
- Using native plants helps preserve the balance and beauty of natural ecosystems.

THERE ARE MANY POLLINATORS, MANY ARE NATIVE TO OUR AREA

- > 700 U.S. butterflies
- ➤ 35 NJ butterflies
- > 11,00 U.S. moths
- > 367 New Jersey Moths
- ➤ 4000 native bees in North America

Other pollinators include wasps, beetles, flower/drone flies, ants, bats, birds, hummingbirds, etc.

LARVAL HOST – specific plants provide Lepidoptera (butterflies and moths) crucial food for hatched eggs which is the LARVAE or CATERPILLARS. They feed on their specific HOST PLANTS, which can range from a single species to many different species.

KEYSTONE PLANTS AND SPECIES are native plants that support the highest number of caterpillars of Lepidoptera (butterflies, moths, skippers, fritillaries) and native specialist bees that depend on the pollen of these plants. The plants they support provide a third of the food we eat.

GROWING CONDITIONS TO CONSIDER FOR THE RIGHT PLANT FOR THE RIGHT SPOT

- ➤ KNOW YOUR HARDINESS ZONE We are zone 6b to 7b
 - ▶ Plants for planters in EASTERN COAST OF NJ must be hardy to 2 hardiness zones lower than Zone 7. Zone 5 or lower = 2 HARDINESS ZONE lower

> HOW MUCH SUN DOES THE SITE ACTUALLY GET THROUGHOUT THE DAY?

- FULL SUN 6 to 8 or more hours of DIRECT sun (mostly between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.)
- > FULL SHADE At least 3 to 4 hours of sun mostly in the morning or late afternoon.
- Anything in between is **PART SHADE/PART** SUN (4 to 6 or more hours of sun with most of the shade in the afternoon)

➤ HOW MUCH "NATURAL" MOISTURE DOES THE SITE GET?

- > Dry areas where water does not remain after a rain, draining quickly (usually sandy soil)
- > **Dry** due to slope where water runs off
- > Dry due to lack of water source

- > Dry shade due to tree root competition
- > Dry shade due to walls, eaves, fences
- ➤ Moist where the soil is damp and gets occasionally saturated
- **Wet** where the soil is saturated for a few days except in droughts

HAVE A DRY SITE?

DROUGHT TOLERANT SHRUBS: Itea virginica (Virginia Sweetspire), *Hypericum prolificum* (St. John's Wort), *Prunus maritima* (Beach Plum), *Vaccinium angustifolium* (Lowbush Blueberry), *Physocarpus opulifolius* (Eastern Ninebark), *Cercis canadensis* (Eastern Redbud), *Ceanothus americanus* (New Jersey Tea), *Lindera benzoin* (Spicebush)

HAVE A DRY SITE? PERENNIALS Aruncus dioicus (Goatsbeard) Armeria maritima (Sea Thrift) Coreopsis lanceolata (Tickseed) Echinacea purpurea (Purple Coneflower) Aquilegia canadensis (Columbine) Helenium autumnale (Sneezeweed) Agastache foeniculum (Anise Hyssop) Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed) Liatris spicata (Blazing Stars)

DRY SHADE - Vaccinium angustifolium (Lowbush Blueberry), Viola sororia (Common Blue Violet), Tiarella cordifolia (Allegheny Foamflower), Heuchera americana (American alumroot), Aruncus dioicus (Goatsbeard), Stylophorum diphyllum (Celadine Poppy), Eurybia divaricata (White Wood Aster)

DRY SHADE – **FERNS:** Osmunda regalis (Royal Fern), Dryopteris filix-mas (Male Fern), Adiantum pedatum (Northern Maidenhair Fern), Dryopteris celsa (Log Fern), Athyrium filix-femina (Lady Fern), Matteuccia struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern)

MOIST TO WET SITES?

SHRUBS: Itea virginica (Virginia Sweetspire), Ilex verticillata (Winterberry Holly), Ilex glabra (Inkberry Holly), Cornus sericea or stolonifera (Redtwig, Red Osier Dogwood), Amelanchier canadensis (Serviceberry), Clethra alnifolia (Sweet Pepperbush), Lindera benzoin (Spicebush), Physocarpus opulifolius (Eastern Ninebark) all NJ natives

PERENNIALS: Packera aurea (Golden Ragwort), Filipendula rubra (Queen-of-the-Prairie), Zizia aurea (Golden Alexanders), Hibiscus moscheutos (Swamp Mallow), Eutrochium spp. (Joe-Pye Weed), Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower), Heliopsis helianthoides (False Sunflower, Ox-eye Daisy), Asclepias incarnata (Swamp Milkweed), Phlox stolonifera (Creeping Phlox), Helenium autumnale (Sneezeweed)

MOIST TO WET SITES – FERNS: Osmunda regalis (Royal Fern), Dryopteris filix-mas (Male Fern), Adiantum pedatum (Northern Maidenhair Fern), Dryopteris celsa (Log Fern), Athyrium filix-femina (Lady Fern), Matteuccia struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern)

SOIL – **WHAT KIND OF SOIL DO YOU HAVE?** Saline soil by the seashore or winter salting for snow is the most difficult to deal with

SALT TOLERANT SHRUBS – *Prunus maritima* (Beach Plum), *Ilex verticillata* (Winterberry Holly), *Hydrangea arborescens* (Smooth Hydrangea), *Cornus sericea* (Redtwig, Red Osier Dogwood), *Clethra alnifolia* (Sweet Pepperbush), *Hypericum prolificum* (St. John's Wort), *Ilex glabra* (Inkberry Holly), *Physocarpus opulifolius* (Eastern Ninebark)

SALT TOLERANT PERENNIALS - Aquilegia canadensis (Columbine), Eutrochium spp. (Joe-Pye Weed), Agastache foeniculum (Anise Hyssop), Amsonia hubrichtii (Arkansas Bluestar), Heuchera americana (American alumroot), Echinacea purpurea (Purple Coneflower), Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed), Armeria maritima (Sea Thrift)

SALT TOLERANT GRASSES - Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Bluestem) 2022 Perennial Plant of the Year, Bouteloua gracilis 'Blonde Ambition' (Blue Grama Grass), Nassella tenuissima (Mexican Feather Grass), Muhlenbergia capillaris (Pink Muhly Grass), Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass, Panic Grass) NJ

DEER ARE VERY SENSITIVE TO TASTES AND TEXTURES.They usually don't browse:

➤ Heavily fragranced plants (they won't browse a plant that smells distasteful)

- Fuzzy, hairy and finely dissected foliage (deer don't like those textures against their tongues)
- Toxic plants (avoided so as not to feel sick)
- > Prickly plants (plants with spines on their leaves or stems, but not always...)
- Ornamental grasses (they don't like the "mouth feel")

Reference that may be helpful but <u>not</u> foolproof – Rutgers University fact sheet E271 Landscape Plants Rated by Deer Resistance

DEER RESISTANT SHRUBS - Hypericum prolificum (Shrubby St. John's Wort), Fothergilla gardenii (Dwarf Witch Alder), Prunus maritima (Beach Plum), Comptonia peregrina (Sweet Fern), Ceanothus americanus (New Jersey Tea), Callicarpa americana (Beautyberry), Ilex glabra (Inkberry Holly), Lindera benzoin (Spicebush)

DEER RESISTANT PERENNIALS - Amsonia tabernaemontana (Eastern Bluestar), Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower), Packera aurea (Golden Ragwort), Pycnanthemum muticum (Mountain Mint), Stylophorum diphyllum (Celadine Poppy, Wood Poppy) Helenium autumnale (Sneezeweed), Agastache foeniculum (Anise Hyssop), Armeria maritima (Sea Thrift)

DEER RESISTANT GRASSES - *Schizachyrium scoparium* (Little Bluestem) chosen 2022 Perennial Plant of the Year, *Bouteloua gracilis* 'Blonde Ambition' (Blue Grama Grass), *Nassella tenuissima* (Mexican Feather Grass), *Muhlenbergia capillaris* (Pink Muhly Grass), *Panicum virgatum* (Switch Grass, Panic Grass)

WOODY PLANTS - TREES AND SHRUBS

Ilex glabra (Inkberry Holly) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, Evergreen, deer resistant, salt tolerant Cercis canadensis (Redbud Tree, Eastern Redbud) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant Amelanchier canadensis (Serviceberry, Shadblow, Juneberry) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE SPECIES, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Lindera benzoin (Spicebush) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Fothergilla gardenii (Dwarf Witch Alder) HOST PLANT, deer resistant

Physocarpus opulifolius (Eastern Ninebark) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Vaccinium angustifolium (Lowbush Blueberry) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Prunus maritima (Beach Plum) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE SPECIES, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Ceanothus americanus (New JerseyTea) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Itea virginica (Virginia Sweetspire) NJ, deer resistant

Itea virginica 'Henry's Garnet' (Virginia Sweetspire) deer resistant

Cornus sericea or stolonifera (Redtwig, Red Osier Dogwood) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Cornus stolonifera 'Arctic Fire' (Redtwig, Red Osier Dogwood) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Ilex verticillata (Winterberry Holly) NJ, salt tolerant

Hydrangea arborescens (Smooth Hydrangea, Wild Hydrangea) HOST PLANT, salt tolerant

Hydrangea arborescens 'Haas' Halo' (Wild Hydrangea) salt tolerant

Clethra alnifolia (Sweet Pepperbush, Summersweet) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Clethra alnifolia 'Hummingbird' (Summersweet) salt tolerant

Clethra alnifolia 'Ruby Spice' (Summersweet) salt tolerant

Hypericum prolificum (Shrubby St. John's Wort) HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

PERENNIALS

Mertensia virginica (Virginia Bluebells) NJ ephemeral, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Other ephemerals - *Dodecatheon meadia* (Shooting Star), *Erythronium americanum* (Yellow Trout-lily, Yellow Dogtooth Violet) NJ, *Sanguinaria canadensis* (Bloodroot) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, *Sanguinaria c.* 'Multiplex' (Double Flowered Bloodroot)

Heuchera spp. and hybrids (Coral Bells) Evergreen, deer resistant, salt tolerant www.mtcubacenter.org

Heuchera americana (American alumroot) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT Evergreen, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Heuchera villosa (Hairy alumroot) Evergreen, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Armeria maritima (Sea Thrift) Evergreen, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Dicentra eximia (Wild or Fringed Bleeding Heart) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Stylophorum diphyllum (Celadine Poppy, Wood Poppy) deer resistant

Aquilegia canadensis (Columbine) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Viola sororia (Common Blue Violet) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Aruncus dioicus (Goatsbeard, Bride's Feathers) NJ HOST PLANT

Asarum canadense (Wild Ginger) NJ HOST PLANT, deer resistant

Polystichum acrostichoides (Christmas Fern) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Osmundastrum cinnamomeum (Cinnamon Fern) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Phlox stolonifera (Woodland Phlox, Wild Sweet William) NJ, deer resistant

Amsonia hubrichtii (Arkansas Bluestar) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Amsonia tabernaemontana (Eastern Bluestar) NJ HOST PLANT, deer resistant

Zizia aurea (Golden Alexanders) NJ HOST PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Tiarella cordifolia (Allegheny Foamflower) NJ HOST PLANT, deer resistant

Packera aurea a.k.a.Senecio aureus (Golden Ragwort) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Coreopsis lanceolata (Tickseed) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Phlox paniculata (Garden Phlox) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT

Phlox paniculata 'Jeana' (Garden Phlox)

Heliopsis helianthoides (False Sunflower, Ox-eye Daisy) NJ, KEYSTONE PLANT

Agastache foeniculum (Anise Hyssop) NJ, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Rudbeckia fulgida (Black-eved Susan, Orange Coneflower) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Rudbeckia fulgida 'Goldsturm' (Black-eyed Susan) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Pycnanthemum muticum (Mountain Mint) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Hibiscus moscheutos (Hardy Hibiscus, Swamp Mallow) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Helenium autumnale (Sneezeweed, Helen's Flower) NJ, Helenium flexuosum (Purple-Headed Sneezeweed) NJ, Helenium hoopesii (Western Sneezeweed) HOST PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Eutrochium dubium a.k.a Eupatorium (Joe-Pye Weed) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Eutrochium dubium 'Little Joe' (Joe-Pye Weed) salt tolerant

Eutrochium 'Baby Joe' aka Eupatorium (Joe-Pye Weed) salt tolerant

Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Lobelia siphilitica (Great Blue Cardinal Flower) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Echinacea purpurea (Purple Coneflower) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant Echinacea spp. (Purple Coneflower) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Asclepias tuberosa (Butterfly Weed) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Asclepias incarnata (Swamp Milkweed) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Liatris spicata (Blazing Stars, Gay Feather) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Eurybia divaricata (White Wood Aster) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant

Helianthus angustifolius (Swamp Sunflower) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Symphyotrichum novae-belgii (New York Aster) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant

Symphyotrichum novae-angliae (New England Aster) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, salt tolerant Symphyotrichum laeve 'Bluebird' (Smooth Aster)

Solidago rugosa (Rough Goldenrod) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Solidago rugosa 'Fireworks' (Goldenrod) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Solidago sempervirens (Stiff Goldenrod) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Nassella tenuissima a.k.a Stipa tenuissima (Mexican Feather Grass) Evergreen, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Carex pensylvanica (Pennsylvania Sedge) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, Bouteloua gracilis 'Blonde Ambition' (Blue Grama Grass) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Panicum virgatum (Switch Grass, Panic Grass) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Panicum virgatum 'Northwind' (Switch Grass) deer resistant, salt tolerant

Schizachyrium scoparium (Little Bluestem) NJ HOST PLANT, KEYSTONE PLANT, 2022 Perennial Plant of the Year, deer resistant, salt tolerant

Muhlenbergia capillaris (Pink Muhly Grass) NJ, deer resistant, salt tolerant

AVOID Chasmanthium latifolium (Northern Sea Oats) NJ HOST PLANT, deer resistant, salt tolerant

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT NATIVE PLANTS ONLINE INFO:

The Native Plant Society of New Jersey http://www.npsnj.org/pages/nativeplants_Plant_Lists.html Jersey-Friendly Yards Plant Database www.jerseyyards.org

Mt. Cuba www.mtcubacenter.org

Chicago Botanic Garden http://www.chicagobotanic.org

Missouri Botanical Garden https://www.missouribotanicalgarden.org/plantfinder/plantfindersearch.aspx

Brooklyn Botanic Garden https://www.bbg.org

The New York Botanical Garden https://www.nybg.org

https://www.google.com type in plant name and rely on site links ending in .edu and .org.

Most .com sites are commercial entities selling plants.

BOOKS:

Bringing Nature Home by Doug Tallamy

Armitage's Native Plants for North American Gardens by Allan M. Armitage

The New England Wild Flower Society Guide to Growing and Propagating Wildflowers of the United States and Canada by William Cullina

Native Trees, Shrubs, and Vines: A Guide to Using, Growing, and Propagating North American Woody Plants by William Cullina Native Ferns, Moss, and Grasses: From Emerald Carpet to Amber Wave, Serene and Sensuous Plants for the Garden by William Cullina

Native Plants of the Northeast: A Guide for Gardening & Conservation by Donald J. Leopold

GARDENS TO VISIT:

Bowman's Hill Wildflower Preserve 1635 River Rd, New Hope, PA 18938 http://www.bhwp.org/
Mt. Cuba Center 3120 Barley Mill Road, Hockessin, DE 19707- http://www.mtcubacenter.org/
Brooklyn Botanic Garden - 1000 Washington Ave, Brooklyn, NY 11238 - http://www.bbg.org/
The New York Botanical Garden - 2900 Southern Blvd, Bronx, NY 10458 - http://www.nybg.org/exhibitions/2013/native-plant-garden/

Longwood Gardens 1001 Longwood Rd, Kennett Square, PA 19348 https://longwoodgardens.org
The High Line - Park-level access is also available at 30th Street at Hudson Yards. The Western Rail Yards between 30th and 34th Streets and 11th Avenue and the West Side Highway are currently closed for the season. https://www.thehighline.org/

NOTES: